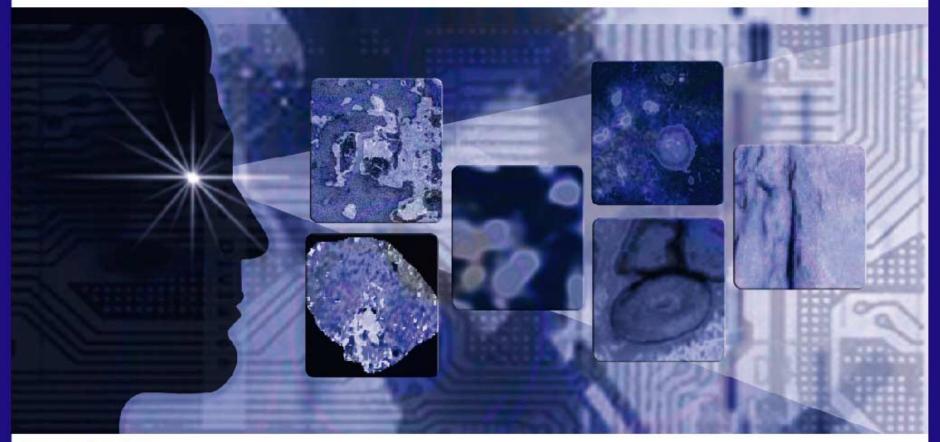


Revolutionizing your concept of Molecular Chemical Imaging



Our mission

Enabling and Revolutionizing as a World Leader in Molecular Chemical Imaging Technology



Validation of the CI Print Macroscopic Chemical Imaging System for the Analysis of Latent Fingerprints

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Outline

- Chemical Imaging Overview and Technology
- Chemical Imaging of Fingerprints using the CI PRINTTM
 - Introduction
 - Instruments
 - Methods
 - Results/Comparisons
- Conclusions





WHY WILL CHEMICAL IMAGING BE IMPORTANT IN FORENSIC SCIENCE?

- Need for rapid, objective discriminating techniques
- Allows image processing for enhanced substrate to sample contrast
- Side-by-side macroscopic / chemical comparison
- Uses well understood optical and spectroscopy methods
- Nondestructive & noncontact
- Little to no sample preparation required

FORENSICS APPLICATIONS

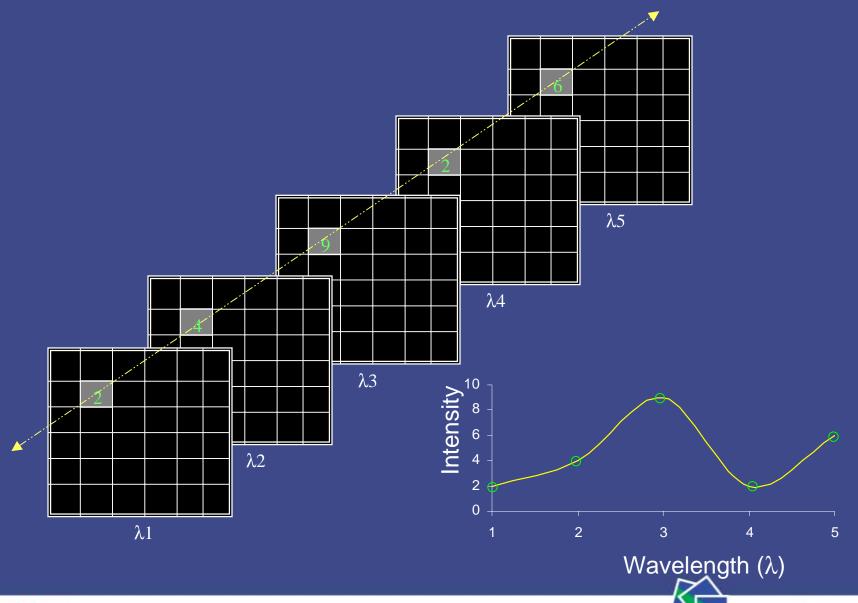
- Latent Fingerprints
- Fibers
- Questioned Documents
- Paint
- Tape
- Drugs & Explosives
- Condom Lubricant Identification
- Powder Identification





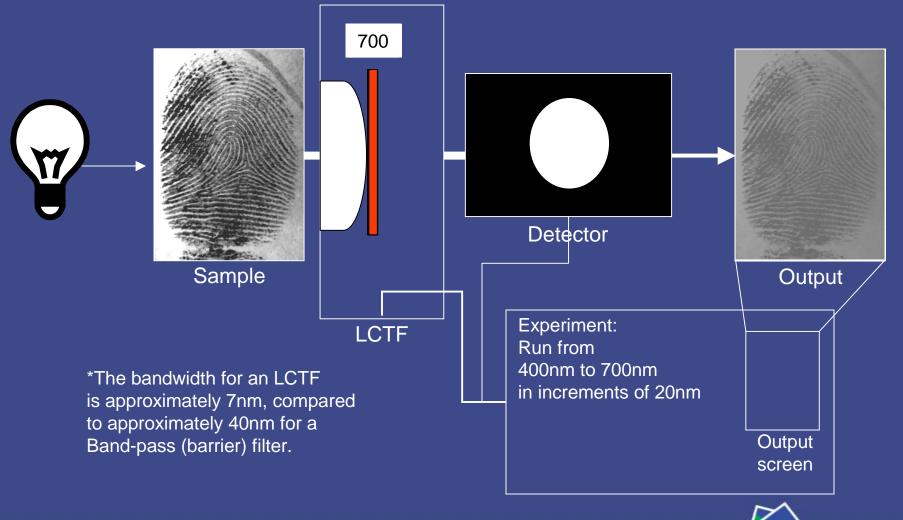
Chemical Imaging

Molecular spectroscopy and digital imaging for analysis of materials



How Does Chemical Imaging Technology Work?

When set to a particular wavelength an LCTF* acts as a band-pass filter in the same way a barrier filter works. However, an LCTF has no moveable parts, is computer controlled and can be set to any wavelength in the visible region. It can also be set up to change wavelengths for multiple image collections.





Color Chart Image Visible Reflectance Spectra Normalized Intensity **Chemical Imaging Massively Parallel Spectroscopy** $\lambda_{\text{n-1}}$ 456 516 576 636 696 Wavelength (nm) λ_2 λ_0 X





Vector 3

Vector 2

Click Here





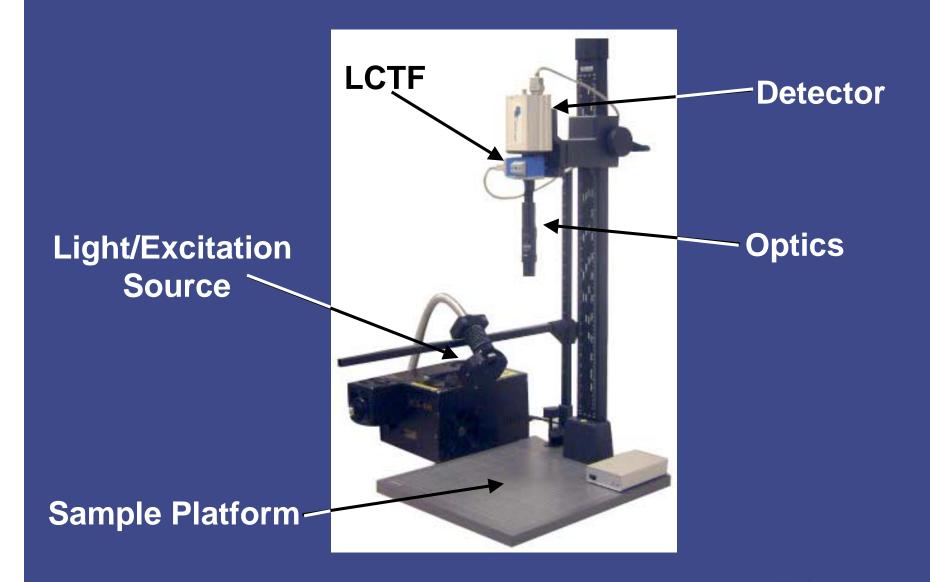
Develop and validate a cost effective macroscopic Chemical Imaging system for latent fingerprint analysis







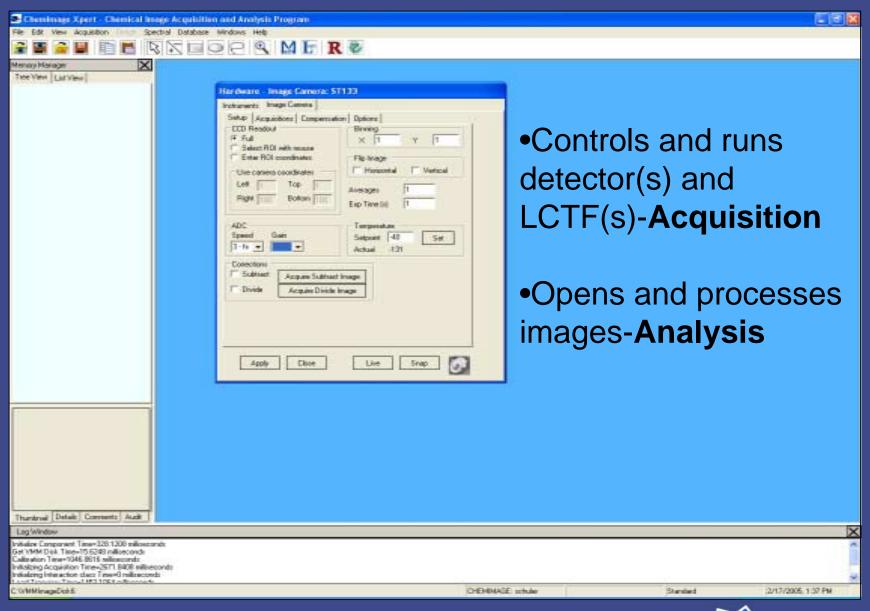
CI PRINTTM Macroscopic Chemical Imaging System







ChemImage ExpertTM Chemical Imaging Software







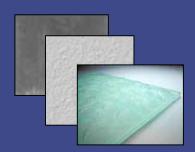




Reproducibility Studies



Age Degradation Studies



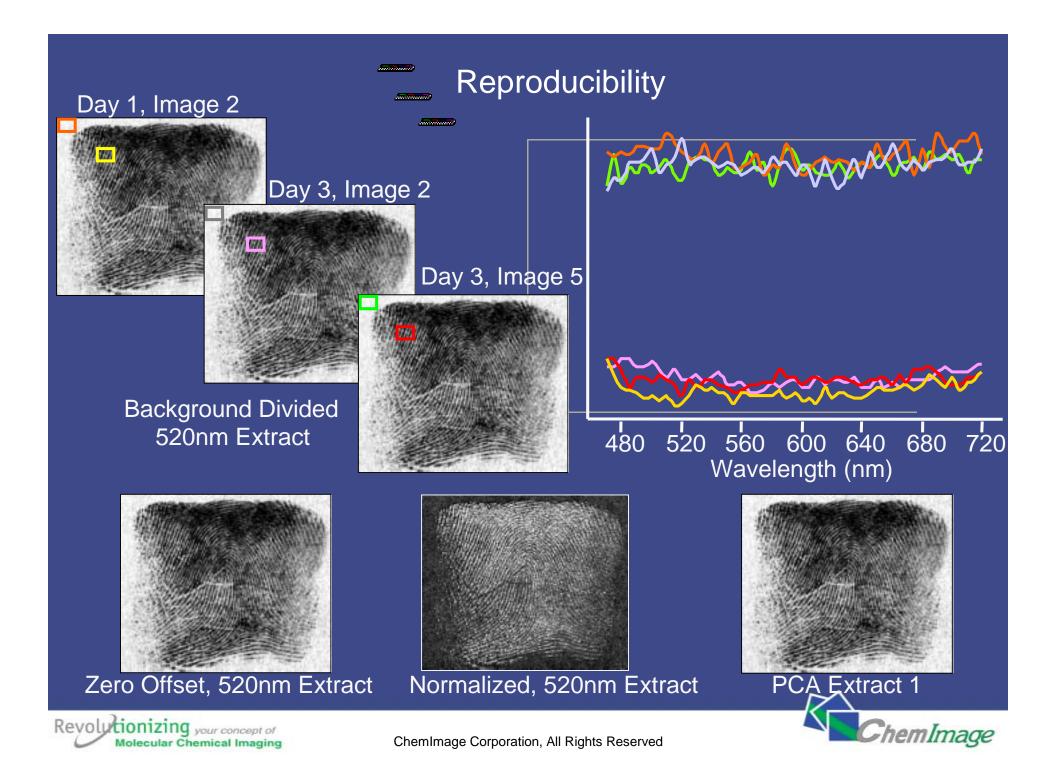
Substrate Variation Studies



Chemical Treatment Variation Studies







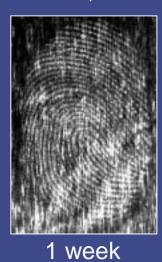


Age Degradation

Metal Substrate, No Treatment



1 day



Paper Substrate, DFO Treatment



8 weeks



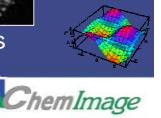
1 day



1 week

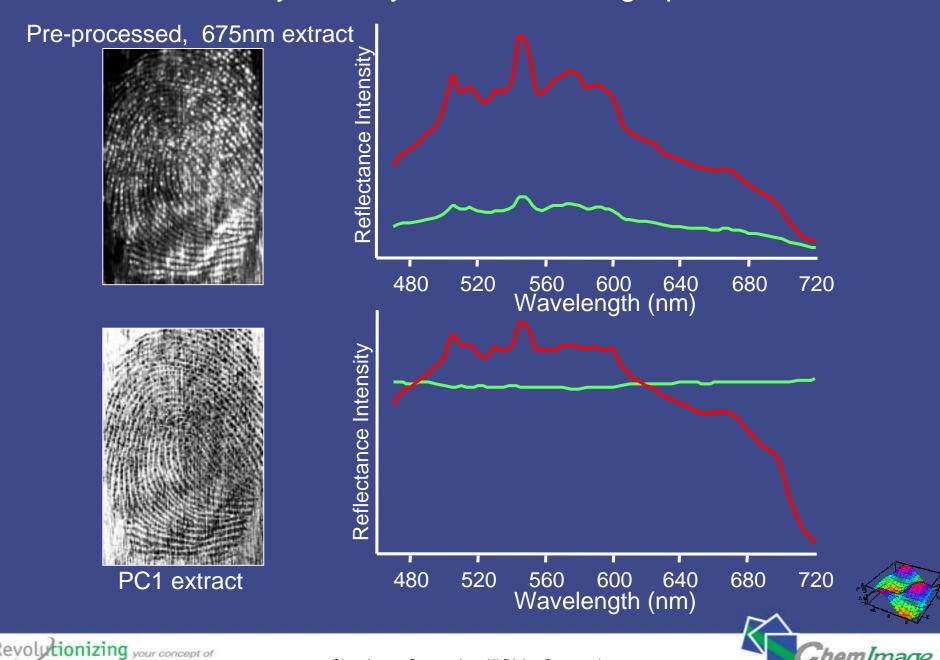


8 weeks





4 week old, Cyanoacrylate Fumed Fingerprint on Metal





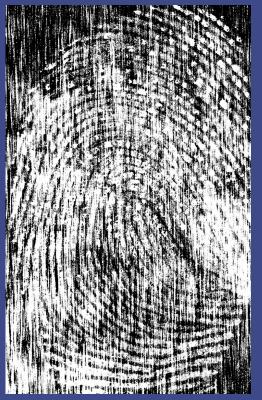
4 week old, Cyanoacrylate Fumed Fingerprint on Metal

CI PRINT-Chemical Imaging Method



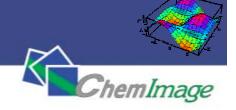
ChemImage Xpert Enhanced
PC1 Extract

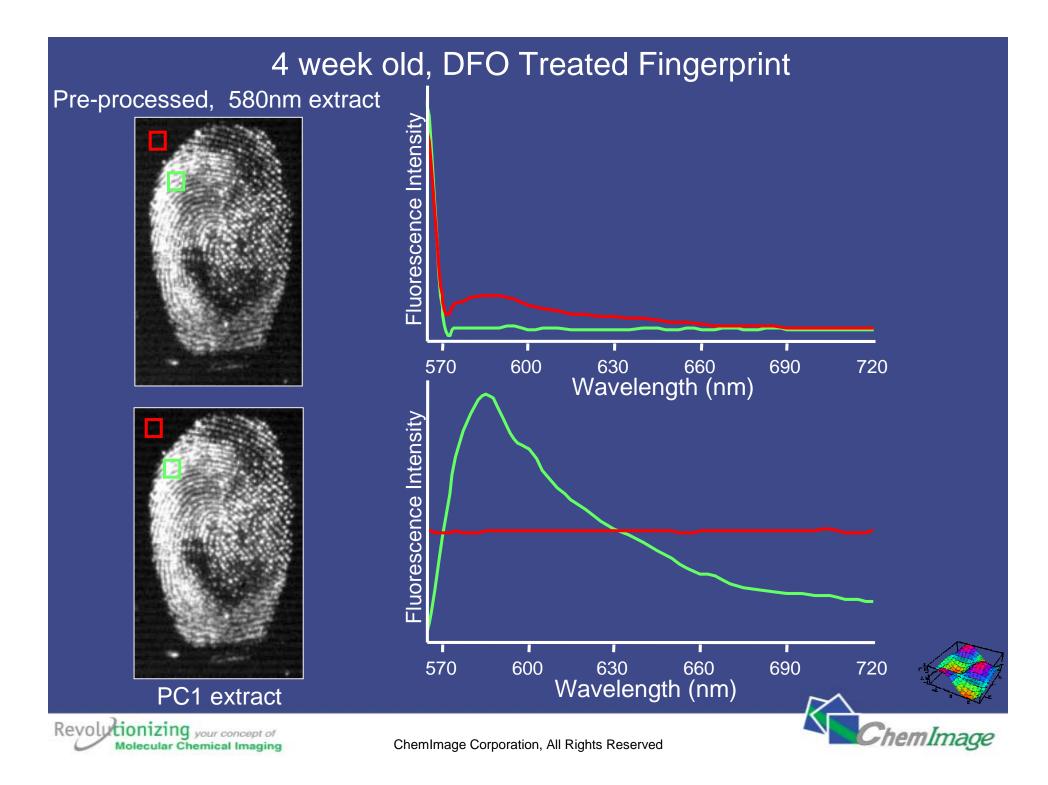
Traditional Method



Adobe Photoshop Enhanced







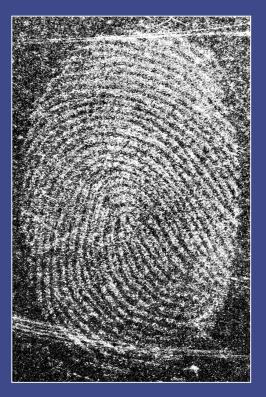
1 week old, Untreated Fingerprint on Plastic

CI PRINT-Chemical Imaging Method



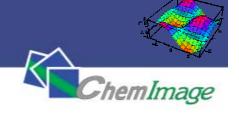
ChemImage Xpert Enhanced
545 Extract

Traditional Method

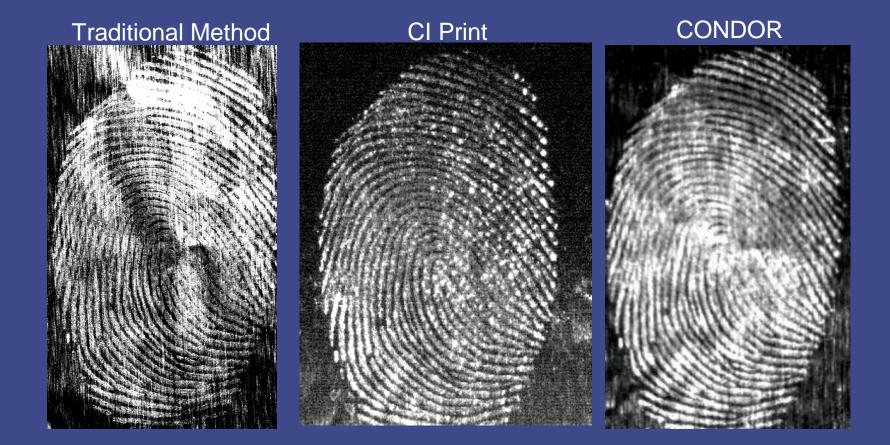


Adobe Photoshop Enhanced

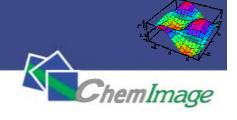




Four Week-old Cyanoacrylate+Rhodamine6G Dye on Metal







Twor Week-old No Treatment on Glass

Traditional Method



CI Print



CONDOR







Conclusions

- ✓ ChemImage's CI PRINT Instrument provides comparable images to the CONDOR Macroscopic Chemical Imaging System
- ✓The CI Print produced higher contrast fingerprint images than conventional methods, especially on samples with uneven backgrounds (metal substrate).
- ✓ Chemical Imaging processing methods often created higher contrast images than the raw images collected using the CI Print Instrument.
- ✓ Chemical Imaging processing methods did not add artifacts to the fingerprint image, nor deleted recognizable minutia present in the inked fingerprints.
- ✓The CI Print is a viable tool for crime labs to evaluate routine fingerprint samples, but adds the benefit of spectral processing to enhance fingerprint contrast on difficult fingerprint samples through the use of Chemical Imaging Technology.



